

# Chain Rule Practice w/ Trig Functions

$$1. f(x) = \sin x \cdot \cot x = \cancel{\sin x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\cancel{\sin x}} = \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin x$$

$$2. f(x) = \frac{\tan x}{1+x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(1+x^2)(\sec^2 x) - (\tan x)(2x)}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$3. f(x) = \frac{1 + \sec w}{1 - \sec w}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(1 - \sec w)(\sec w \cdot \tan w) + (1 + \sec w)(\sec w \cdot \tan w)}{(1 - \sec w)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sec w \tan w - \sec^2 w \tan w + \sec w \tan w + \sec^2 w \tan w}{(1 - \sec w)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \sec w \tan w}{(1 - \sec w)^2}$$

$$4. f(x) = \frac{\csc v}{\sec v} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sin v}}{\frac{1}{\cos v}} = \frac{\cos v}{\sin v} = \cot v$$

$$f'(x) = -\csc^2 v$$

$$5. k(x) = \sin(x^2 + 2)$$

$$k'(x) = \cos(x^2 + 2) \cdot 2x$$

$$= 2x \cos(x^2 + 2)$$

$$6. H(x) = \cos^5(3x)$$

$$H'(x) = 5[\cos(3x)]^4 \cdot [\sin(3x) \cdot 3]$$

$$= -15 \cos^4(3x) \sin(3x)$$

$$7. g(x) = \sin^4(x^3)$$

$$g'(x) = 4[\sin(x^3)]^3 [\cos(x^3) \cdot 3x^2]$$

$$= 12x^2 \sin^3(x^3) \cos(x^3)$$

$$8. t(z) = \sec(2z+1)^2$$

$$t'(z) = \sec(2z+1)^2 \tan(2z+1) \cdot [2(2z+1)'](2)$$

$$= (8z+4) \sec(2z+1)^2 \tan(2z+1)$$

$$9. f(x) = \frac{\sec 2x}{1 + \tan 2x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(1 + \tan 2x)(\sec 2x \tan 2x)(2) - \sec 2x(\sec^2 2x)(2)}{(1 + \tan 2x)^2}$$

$$10. F(x) = \frac{\cos 4x}{1 - \sin 4x}$$

$$F'(x) = \frac{(1 - \sin 4x)(-\sin 4x)(4) - \cos 4x(-\cos 4x)(4)}{(1 - \sin 4x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-4 \sin 4x + 4 \sin^2 4x + 4 \cos^2 4x}{(1 - \sin 4x)^2} = 4$$

$$= \frac{-4 \sin 4x + 4}{(1 - \sin 4x)^2}$$

$$11. r(a) = \csc(a^2+4)$$

$$r'(a) = -\csc(a^2+4) \cdot \cot(a^2+4) (2a)$$

$$= -2a \csc(a^2+4) \cot(a^2+4)$$

$$12. H(s) = \cot(s^3 - 2s)$$

$$H'(s) = -\csc^2(s^3 - 2s) \cdot (3s^2 - 2)$$

$$= (2 - 3s^2) \csc^2(s^3 - 2s)$$

$$13. f(x) = \tan(2x^2 + 3)$$

$$f'(x) = \sec^2(2x^2 + 3) \cdot 4x$$

$$= 4x \sec^2(2x^2 + 3)$$

$$14. f(x) = \cos(3x^2) + \cos^2(3x)$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin(3x^2) \cdot (6x) + 2(\cos 3x)(-\sin 3x)$$

$$= -6x \sin(3x^2) - 6 \cos 3x \sin 3x$$

$$15. g(w) = \tan^3 6w$$

$$g'(w) = 3(\tan 6w)^2 (\sec^2 6w) \cdot 6$$

$$= 18 \tan^2 6w \sec^2 6w$$

$$16. F(t) = \csc^2 2t$$

$$F'(t) = 2(\csc 2t)'(-\csc 2t \cot 2t)(2)$$

$$= -4 \csc^2 2t \cot 2t$$

$$17. M(x) = \sec(x^{-2})$$

$$M'(x) = \sec x^{-2} \tan x^{-2} \cdot -2x^{-3}$$

$$= -2x^{-3} \sec(x^{-2}) \tan(x^{-2})$$

$$18. K(z) = z^2 \cot 5z$$

$$K'(z) = z^2(-\csc^2 5z)(5) + \cot 5z(2z)$$

$$= -5z^2 \csc^2 5z + 2z \cot 5z$$



$$19. H(x) = x \csc x^2$$

$$H'(x) = x(-\csc x^2 \cot x^2)(2x) + \csc x^2(1)$$

$$= -2x^2 \csc x^2 \cot x^2 + \csc x^2$$

$$= \csc x^2 (-2x^2 \cot x^2 + 1)$$

$$20. L(x) = \tan^2 x \sec^3 x$$

$$L'(x) = \tan^2 x [3(\sec x)^2 (\sec x \tan x)] + \sec^3 x [2(\tan x)' (\sec^2 x)]$$

$$= 3 \tan^3 x \sec^3 x + 2 \tan x \sec^5 x$$

$$21. H(u) = u^2 \sec^3 4u$$

$$H'(u) = u^2 [3(\sec 4u)^2 (\sec 4u \tan 4u) \cdot 4] + \sec^3 4u (2u)$$

$$= 12u^2 \sec^3 4u \tan 4u + 2u \sec^3 4u$$

$$= 2u \sec^4 4u (6u \tan 4u + 1)$$

$$22. N(x) = (\sin 5x - \cos 5x)^5$$

$$N'(x) = 5(\sin 5x - \cos 5x)^4 [\cos 5x(5) + \sin 5x(5)]$$

$$= 25(\sin 5x - \cos 5x)^4 (\cos 5x + \sin 5x)$$

$$23. P(v) = \sin 4v \csc 4v = \sin 4v \cdot \frac{1}{\sin 4v} = 1$$

$$P'(v) = 0$$

OR

$$P'(v) = \underbrace{\sin 4v}_{=1} \underbrace{(-\csc 4v \cot 4v)}_{=1} \cdot 4 + \csc 4v \underbrace{(\cos 4v)}_{=\cot 4v} \cdot 4$$

$$= -4 \cot 4v + 4 \cot 4v$$

$$= 0$$

$$24. f(x) = \sin x^{1/2} + (\sin x)^{1/2} \quad f'(x) = \cos x^{1/2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} \right] + \left[ \frac{1}{2} (\sin x)^{-1/2} \cdot \cos x \right]$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\cos x^{1/2}}{2x^{1/2}} + \frac{\cos x}{2(\sin x)^{1/2}}$$

$$25. t(x) = (\tan 2x - \sec 2x)^3 \quad t'(x) = \left[ 3(\tan 2x - \sec 2x)^2 \cdot (\sec^2 2x \cdot 2 - \sec 2x \tan 2x \cdot 2) \right]$$

$$= 6(\tan 2x - \sec 2x)^2 (\sec^2 2x - \sec 2x \tan 2x)$$

$$= 6 \sec 2x (\tan 2x - \sec 2x)^2 (\sec 2x - \tan 2x)$$

$$= -6 \sec 2x (\tan 2x - \sec 2x)^3$$

$$26. f(x) = \tan(5-6x)^{1/3} \quad f'(x) = \sec^2(5-6x)^{1/3} \cdot \left[ \frac{1}{3}(5-6x)^{-2/3} (-6) \right]$$

$$= \frac{-2 \sec^2(5-6x)^{1/3}}{(5-6x)^{2/3}}$$

$$27. f(t) = \cos(4-3t) \quad f'(t) = -\sin(4-3t) \cdot (-3)$$

$$= 3 \sin(4-3t)$$